

RBS and RUS, USDA

§ 4284.516

economic purposes, constitutes a single community and has a boundary contiguous with that of the city. Such community may be incorporated or unincorporated to extend from the contiguous boundaries to recognizable open country, less densely settled areas, or natural boundaries such as forests or water. Minor open spaces such as airports, industrial sites, recreational facilities, or public parks shall be disregarded. Outer boundaries of an incorporated community extend at least to its legal boundaries. Cities which may have a contiguous border with another city, but are located across a river from such city, are recognized as a separate community.

Urbanizing area—A community with a population density of more than 100 persons per square mile, as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture according to the latest decennial census of the United States, which is not now, or within the foreseeable future not likely to be, clearly separate from and independent of a city of 50,000 or more population and its immediately adjacent urbanized areas. A community is considered “separate” when it is separated from the city and its immediately adjacent urbanized area by open country, less densely settled areas, or natural barriers such as forests or water. Minor open spaces such as airports, industrial sites, recreational facilities, or public parks shall not be considered as an area to determine if a community is separate. A community is considered “independent” when its social (*e.g.*, government, educational, health, and recreational facilities) and economic structure (*e.g.*, business, industry, tax base, and employment opportunities) are not primarily dependent on the city and its immediately adjacent urbanized areas.

§ 4284.505 Applicant eligibility.

(a) Grants may be made to nonprofit corporations and institutions of higher education. Grants may not be made to public bodies.

(b) An outstanding judgment obtained against an applicant by the United States in a Federal Court (other than in the United States Tax Court), which has been recorded, shall cause the applicant to be ineligible to receive

any grant or loan until the judgment is paid in full or otherwise satisfied. RBS grant funds may not be used to satisfy the judgment.

§§ 4284.506–4284.514 [Reserved]

§ 4284.515 Grant purposes.

Grant funds may be used to pay up to 75 percent of the costs for carrying out relevant projects. Applicant’s contribution may be in cash or in-kind contribution in accordance with parts 3015 and 3019 of this title and must be from nonfederal funds except that a loan from another federal source can be used for the applicant’s contribution. Grant funds may be used for, but are not limited to, the following purposes:

(a) Applied research, feasibility, environmental and other studies that may be useful to individuals, cooperatives, small businesses, and other similar entities in rural areas served by the center for the purpose of cooperative development.

(b) Collection, interpretation, and dissemination of principles, facts, technical knowledge, or other information that may be useful to individuals, cooperatives, small businesses, and other similar entities in rural areas served by the center for the purpose of cooperative development.

(c) Providing training and instruction for individuals, cooperatives, small businesses, and other similar entities in rural areas served by the center for the purpose of cooperative development.

(d) Providing loans and grants to individuals, cooperatives, small businesses, and other similar entities in rural areas served by the center for the purpose of cooperative development in accordance with this subpart.

(e) Providing technical assistance, research services, and advisory services to individuals, cooperatives, small businesses, and other similar entities in rural areas served by the center for the purpose of cooperative development.

§ 4284.516 Ineligible grant purposes.

Grant funds may not be used to:

(a) Pay more than 75 percent of relevant project or administrative costs;

(b) Duplicate current services or replace or substitute support previously provided;

(c) Pay costs of preparing the grant application package;

(d) Pay costs incurred prior to the effective date of the grant;

(e) Pay for building construction, the purchase of real estate or vehicles, improving or renovating office space, or the repair or maintenance of privately-owned property;

(f) Fund political activities; or

(g) Pay for assistance to any private business enterprise which does not have at least 51 percent ownership by those who are either citizens of the United States or reside in the United States after being legally admitted for permanent residence.

§§ 4284.517–4284.526 [Reserved]

§ 4284.527 Other considerations.

(a) *Civil rights compliance requirements.* All grants made under this subpart are subject to the requirements of title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, and national origin as outlined in part 1901, subpart E of this title. In addition, the grants made under this subpart are subject to the requirements of section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability; the requirements of the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age; and title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability by private entities in places of public accommodations.

(b) *Environmental requirements—(1) General applicability.* Unless specifically modified by this section, the requirements of part 1940, subpart G of this title apply to this subpart. For example, the Agency's general and specific environmental policies contained in §§ 1940.303 and 1940.304 of this title must be complied with. Although the purpose of the grant program established by this subpart is to improve business, industry, and employment in rural areas, this purpose is to be achieved, to the extent practicable, without adversely affecting important environ-

mental resources of rural areas such as important farmland and forest lands, prime rangelands, wetland, and flood plains. Prospective recipients of grants, therefore, must consider the potential environmental impacts of their applications at the earliest planning stages and develop plans and projects that minimize the potential to adversely impact on the environment.

(2) *Technical assistance.* An application for a project exclusively involving technical assistance is generally excluded from the environmental review process by § 1940.310(e)(1) of this title. However, as further specified in § 1940.333 of this title, the grantee of a technical assistance grant, in the process of providing technical assistance, must consider and generally document within their plans the potential environmental impacts of the plan and recommendations provided to the recipient of the technical assistance.

(3) *Applications for grants to provide other than technical assistance to third-party recipients.* As part of the preapplication, the applicant must provide a complete "Request for Environmental Information," for each project specifically identified in its plan to provide other than technical assistance to third parties who will undertake eligible projects with such assistance. The Agency will review the preapplication, supporting materials, and the required "Request for Environmental Information" and assess the impact of the preapplication. This assessment will focus on the potential cumulative impacts of the projects as well as any environmental concerns or problems that are associated with individual projects that can be identified at this time from the information submitted. Because the Agency's approval of this type of grant application does not constitute a commitment to the use of grant funds for any identified third-party projects (see § 4284.541), no public notification requirements will apply to the preapplication. After the grant is approved, each third-party project to be assisted under the grant will undergo the applicable environmental review and public notification requirements in part 1940, subpart G of this title prior to the Agency providing its consent to the grantee to assist the